

Level 2, Burns House 10 George St PO Box 5240 Dunedin 9058 Phone (03) 929 1263
Email office@fluentsolutions.co.nz
Website www.fluentsolutions.co.nz

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13 February 2015

The Directors

Ayrburn Farms Development Ltd

C/- Winton Partners Investments Ltd

Email: andrew.cavill@wintonpartners.com.au

Attention: Andrew Cavill

Dear Andrew

Ayrburn Farms Residential Development Concept – Flood Hazard Mitigation

1.0 Introduction

We refer to the Winton Partners Limited email from Chris Meehan to Fluent Solutions dated 12 February 2015 and the attached Baxter Design Group %Ayrburn - Draft Concept+drawing dated 12 February 2015 prepared for Ayrburn Farm Developments Limited.

Part of the proposed Ayrburn development would lie within an area described in the Queenstown Lakes District Council GIS based Hazard Register data as being within an area referred to as ‰lood Hazard due to rainfall+resulting from flows that pass down Mill Stream that traverses Ayrburn farm. The Flood Hazard area is shown in Figure 1 below (Page 2). A preliminary assessment of the mitigation requirements has been addressed below.

2.0 Background

2.1 Ayrburn Farm Hazard Data

Three hazards have been identified in Figure 1 below that fall within the Ayrburn farm site. These are:

- Flood Hazard due to rainfall addressed below
- Alluvial fan hazard %active Debris Dominant Fan+areas addressed below
- 3. % iquefaction risk Possibly Moderate+- assumed to be addressed by others in due course.

2.2 Alluvial Fan Risk

Reference to an %active Debris Dominant Fan+hazard on the site outside of the flood hazard area is referred to in the Otago Regional Council (ORC) % Regional + alluvial fan hazard map but no reference to an alluvial fan hazard is mapped on Ayrburn farm in the Selected Area+



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or % High Hazard+maps. The % ctive Debris Dominant Fan+mapping in the Regional map is assumed to be a flag for further assessment.

Based on the data from the ORC Selected+alluvial hazard map the alluvial hazards are confined to areas further upstream in the Mill Stream catchment above the Waterfall+that is approximately 750m north of the site boundary. Downstream of the waterfall, Mill Stream is confined to a valley and within a defined stream path that falls outside the Active Debris fan area. Since Mill Stream is confined there are no significant existing watercourses that would have the ability to perpetuate the active+state of the alluvial fan material and hence there is no apparent significant risk to the proposed Ayrburn development.

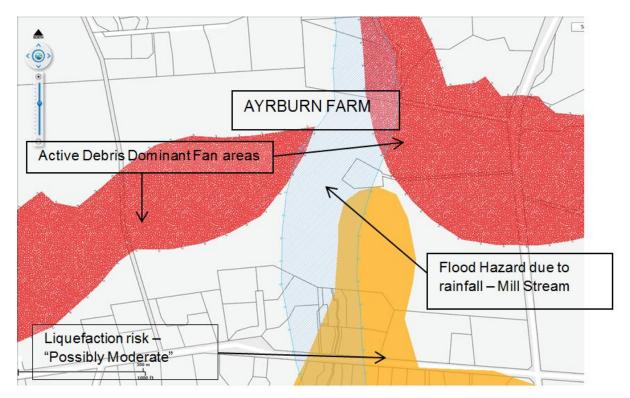


Figure 1: Hazard Register Data - Ayrburn Farm

2.3 Flood Risk Mitigation

The Mill Stream catchment above Ayrburn farm extends northwest to Coronet Peak and westwards almost to Arthurs Point. A course assessment of the catchment area was completed in order to derive the order of magnitude for a 100 year Average Return Interval (ARI) flow estimate using a regional flood assessment technique. The flood flow assessment suggests that a 100 year ARI event through Ayrburn farm could be of the order of 100 cubic metres per second. The flood way allowed for Mill Stream through the proposed development has a minimum width of the order of 20metres. Indicative calculations confirm that the floodway width is sufficient. The depth of the flow would be up to of the order of 1.8m and based on the average gradient the velocity of food flows would be of the order of 3 metres per second. The estimated flow depth is of the order of the depth of the existing stream channel and therefore transitions to the existing stream channel at the upstream and downstream boundaries should be straightforward.



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The floodway would be designed to account for the flow velocities and for protection of building floor levels in adjacent properties according to Councils Code of Practice for land development. The protection of floor levels requires attention to the freeboard in the channel to ensure the design event is safely confined without causing property damage.

The estimated flow velocity means that the channel design would need to account for erosion and sedimentation processes. This means the channel is expected to require a combination of rock protection, proprietary erosion control and planting treatments to mitigate potentially significant erosion effects.

3.0 Conclusion

Based on the assessment above, the potential flood effects on the proposed development can be mitigated within the proposed Mill Stream conveyance corridor shown in the attached Ayrburn - Draft Concept drawing.

Yours faithfully

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FLUENT INFRASTRUCTURE SOLUTIONS LTD

Per:

Gary Dent Senior Environmental Engineer CPEng / IntPE

Attachment:

 Baxter Design Group %Ayrburn - Draft Concept+Drawing dated 12 February 2015 (1page)

